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Wine & Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS

Agents for

MESSRS.

W. & A. GILBEY'S
WINE & SPIRITS.

MESSRS.

JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
SCOTCH WHISKY.

MESSRS.

JOHN JEFFREY & CO'S
PILSENER BEER.

EGYPTIAN ONIONS.

Shipments to Holland.

Much indignation is being expressed in the fruit and vegetable trade because of large shipments of Egyptian onions recently sent to Holland. The mere fact of the onions being destined for that country is not provocative of wrath; but there are very shrewd suspicions that the useful and health-giving vegetable is being purchased in Holland by German dealers. Speaking on the subject yesterday, a Dutch dealer resident in London, whose sympathies are unquestionably pro-British, declared that the weight of Egyptian onions recently consigned from England to Holland was quite out of proportion to the needs of the country. In fact, it was utterly absurd to think that so many onions were being consumed in Holland. "How is it done?" "Well," replied the trader, "the people who sell the onions here in England are perfectly innocent in the matter. Secondly, those who import the onions to Holland do not sell them to Germany; but there are dealers who buy the goods from the Dutch importers and resell them to Germany. That is my opinion. "Price is no object. Germany wants onions, and is prepared to pay for them. Their method of securing bags of Egyptian onions is simple enough. German agents supply ready cash to small Dutch traders—men who usually find five bags enough for their requirements—to buy heavily. Replying to the query as to whether his statements could be proved beyond reasonable doubt, the Dutchman replied that he was not prepared to give such proofs for publication, but that if through the medium of "The Daily Telegraph" he could be put into communication with any officials who had to deal with a consignment of supplies for the army, he would willingly furnish details which might prove useful. He was emphatic on the point that the ultimate destination of the onions purchased. Yet he could not reconcile the absurdity of large consignments with the needs of Holland itself. It is well known in trade circles that certain English importers have refused point-blank to supply Dutch traders with Egyptian onions. The same importers may not have proof in hand, but their attitude for belief in the theory that the onions eventually get through to Germany are very well founded. Another well-known Dutch trader, who is, of course, open to legitimate business, declines to send onions to Holland. He believes that the Netherlands Government have prohibited the re-export of imported onions from Holland to Germany. Nevertheless, the fact of an abnormally heavy weight of the produce being sent from various British ports to Holland is, to say the least of it, strange.

AN ENGLISH VOLKSLIED.

According to a German map of England, only Devonshire and Cornwall will remain British by the end of the war. (Tune: Widdicombe Fair.)
Jan Bull, Jan Bull, give me thy grey coat,
All along Channel and up the North Sea,
For I'm planning to gobble your island on toast—
Yorkshire Pudding, Norfolk Dumpling,
Welsh Rarebit, Southdown Mutton, Dorset
Butter, Kent Hops.
The Roast Beef of Old England and all!
The Roast Beef of Old England and all!
And what will be spared to Jan Bull of
your greed?
Cornwall and Devonshire's zidy and cream;
I cannot spare more, I've too many to feed—
There's Josiah, and Adalbert, Eitel
Friedrich, Behnemann-Hollweg, Von
Molke, Francis Joseph,
The Kronprinz, Meinself, Gott and all,
The Kronprinz, Meinself, Gott und all!

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.
WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND
Supplies the blood with the wanted purifying and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.
OF ALL CHEMISTS
Prices, 1/6 and 3/6

BUSINESS NOTICES.

STEAM OR MOTOR VESSELS
Forgings Castings and Repairs
PUMPS INJECTORS AND ENGINEERS STORES
SHIPPED TO ORDER
Write for Prices
W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
Sole Agents for KELVIN MOTORS.
STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE OR HIRE.

NOTICE.

THURSDAY, JULY 1st, 1915, (and until further notice)
25% CASH DISCOUNT will be allowed on all goods.
M. GAINS,
Alexandra Buildings,
Hongkong, June 23, 1915.

HOTELS

KINGSLERE HOTEL,
HONGKONG.
UNRIVALED position in the Hill district overlooking the Botanical Gardens and facing the Harbour. Numerous quiet Suites with luxuriously fitted Bathrooms, Telephones and Electric Fans. Telephone in Bedrooms and Sitting-rooms throughout.
Telephone No. 1123.
Cable Address: "Sachels."
A.R.O. Code 8th Ed.
Hongkong, September 1, 1906.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
A. Electric Taxis Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373.
Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA."
FRANK L. COOTE,
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CANTON.
LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.
FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries, Boot and Shoes.
Makers of Jewellery, Lacquerware, Crockery Ware.
Iron-mongery, Wine and Spirits.
Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to order by our own tailors.
Large assortment of Chinese Silks and Foreign Goods of every description.
All goods sold at reasonable prices.
The Cheapest and Best place in Canton & Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign Goods.
SHEWAN TOMES & CO.
Tel. No. 1408. CANTON and Nos. 237, 239, Des Vaux Road and No. 120, Connaught Road Central. Tel. No. 811. Hongkong.

PATELL & CO.

Exporters & Importers

General Merchants

Commission Agents

HONGKONG, CANTON, SHANGHAI AND HONGKOW.

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON, STEEL, METAL and HARD WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers. Pig Iron and Foundry Cakes Importers. General Storekeepers and Shipchandlers. Nos. 20 and 37, Upper Lascar Street, (2nd Street, west of Central Market) Telephone No. 915. Hongkong, September 4, 1912.

SIEN TING

Surgeon, Dentist
No. 14, D'Arny Street.
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation.

FRENCH LESSONS

H. MOUSSON,
15, Morrison Hill Road.

If you have lost your appetite, one of the best varieties of delicacies at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG LTD.
TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.
SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FURGE-MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.
Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.
WEAVING DOCK 737 x 88 x 34 ft.
Pumps empty Dock in 2 3/4 hours.
THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.
100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.
50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.
AGENTS FOR—
JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.
PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7 1/2 to 150 H.P.
As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.
MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS, LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.
Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
HONGKONG, CHINA, AND JAPAN AGENTS.
Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK." Telephone No. 212.

The Best Meals in Hongkong.

Either light or substantial

Available only at the

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

BAGUIO HOTEL

Baguio, P.I.
5,000 Feet Above Sea Level—Mean Temperature, 65°
The Coming Health Resort of the Far East
Eight Hours From Manila, Rail or Auto
Bracing Climate in the Pine Country of Northern Luzon
The "BAGUIO" is unequalled for location, cuisine, homelike atmosphere and modern up-to-date features.
-P-6 Up, Daily! -P-35.00 Up, Weekly
Special Rates For Prolonged Stays
BENGUET COMMERCIAL CO., Proprietors.—Cable Address: "BECOME."

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART,
MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL

ADMITTANCE SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL.
Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms, Roof Garden.
Terms: From 50 pence per day Max.
Telegraph Add: "Peak."
P. O. FEUSTER,
Manager.

GRAND HOTEL

FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within the vicinity of all the principal Banks.
Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra resident selections from 8.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.
Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping.
For further particulars apply.
Telephone 181.
Telegraphic Address: "COMFORT."

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GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.
Portland Cement
In Casks of 275 lbs. net.
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.
GENERAL MANAGERS.

EFFERVESCENT SALINE

For purifying the Blood
and cooling the System.

REFRESHING. INVIGORATING.
Price \$1.00 per bottle.

Prickly Heat Lotion,
Prickly Heat Powder.

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.
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Established 1823

MANUFACTURED BY

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 3" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE	CABLE LAID 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE	4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

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"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH IN AN HOUR

PRICE 2.00 per 3 pcs. for Post Card.

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TELE. No. 254.

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(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDRY. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any ship of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48 CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 468.
Shipping, SHUN FUL FO, KOWLOON, HONGKONG. Telephone No. K. 7.
Estimates furnished on application.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

ROURNVILLE COCOA



The Cocoa
with the
most delicious
flavour.

Made by
Cadbury's
from the
finest Cocoa

Hongkong, Dec. 15, 1909

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Hotel Mansions.

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ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

KEVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

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ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,

High Class English Jewellery.

THE 'CHINA MAIL'

Typhoon Map and Guide

WITH TABLE AND TRACKS OF PAST DISTURBANCES

Price 50 cents.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.

KAIPING COAL

Now well-known throughout the East for STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' BUNKERS AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

KA PING COKE

Competes with the best quality English Coke for FOUNDRY, SMELTING AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSE

FIREBRICKS

FIRECLAY, STOCKS ALWAYS ON HAND.

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TELEPHONE: No. 869.

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ALL SORTS OF ARTISTIC JOB-PRINTING

such as: INVITATION CARDS, MENUS, DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, PAMPHLETS, BOOKS, PROSPECTUSES, WINE LISTS, ETC., ETC. ETC.

Obtain quotations from

THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

5 Wyndham Street

European Supervision

Moderate Price

A Natural Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil spirits exist still. We call them "Disease Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches and pains, is the result.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping a bottle in the house.

Prepared only by

J. ENO, LTD., FRUIT SALT WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

INTIMATIONS

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SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKA-SIMA, OCHI, MUTANE, YOSHIMOTO, KISHIDAKE, HOGO, KANADA, NAWAKITA, SAGO, SHINNEW and KAMİYAMADA Collieries.

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TEL. ADDRESS for above: 'IWASAKI' Office—AT, AB 55th St., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CHINKIANG: Messrs Gearing & Co.

MANILA: Messrs Macdonald & Co.

SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co. Ltd.

GLASGOW: Messrs A. R. Brown, McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For particulars, apply to

K. KATO,

Manager,

No. 2, PEDDER STREET,

HONGKONG.

NOTICE.

A SPECIAL PERMIT has been issued to the Steam Launch "MOLLIE" for the accommodation of ships officers, going on board at night: fare \$1. per head.

The launch will leave Blake Pier at 10 p.m. and 11.30 p.m. and must return to her moorings at Observation Point by 1 a.m.

SHOULD THIS RULE BE INFRINGED THE PERMIT WILL BE WITHDRAWN.

Officers are respectfully requested not to delay the launch and to co-operate with the arrangements made to embark passengers commencing from Blake Pier, East to West, at 10 p.m. and from West to East at 11.30, so that the specified time may not be exceeded. All fares must be paid before leaving the pier, for which a voucher will be given by the coxswain.

WILLIAM C. JACK & CO., LD.

Hongkong, July 2, 1915.

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15, St. Helen's Place, LONDON, E.C.

with correspondents and extensive connections in all countries.

Manager: J. BENDIN.

This Bureau aims to further international business connections and put itself FREE OF CHARGE at the disposal of respectable firms, and furnishes:

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The Bureau does not accept any Commission for Connections accomplished by its Medium.

Each firm desirous of utilizing the medium of this Bureau is asked to state references.

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Manager: J. BENDIN, 15, St. Helen's Place, LONDON, E.C.

Hongkong, June 14, 1915.

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CAPSICUM PILL

A Powerful Remedy for all kinds of Stomach and Bowel Complaints.

It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all kinds of Stomach and Bowel Complaints.

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The "Three Castles" Cigarettes

W. H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON.

Manufactured from the FINEST MATURED VIRGINIA LEAF, and therefore a delight to the heavy smoker without the slightest fear of any disagreeable after effects.

SAVE THE COUPONS. THEY ARE VALUABLE.

KING AND KAISER.

REMARKABLE ROYAL MESSAGES.

Intimate And Personal Correspondence.

Remarkable telegrams, of a personal and intimate nature, which passed between the Royal houses of Britain and Germany within five days of the outbreak of the Anglo-German war were published recently in a Government Blue Book.

The book, issued at a popular price (1s.) includes also the British White Papers, the French Yellow Book, the Russian Orange Book, the Belgian Grey Book, the Serbian Blue Book, the Austro-Hungarian Red Book, and the German White Book.

The special section devoted to official telegrams and letters published subsequently to the outbreak of war includes the following telegrams. The personages referred to by Christian names in the Royal documents are:—

George.....The King.
William.....The Kaiser.
Nicholas.....The Tsar.

KAISER "ANXIOUS."

Prince Henry of Prussia to King George, July 30, 1914.

I arrived here yesterday and have communicated what you were so good as to say to me at Buckingham Palace last Sunday to William, who was very thankful to receive your message.

William, who is very anxious, is doing his utmost to comply with the request of Nicholas to work for the maintenance of peace.

He is in continual telegraphic communication with Nicholas, who has to-day confirmed the news that he has ordered military measures which amount to mobilisation, and that these measures were taken five days ago.

We have also received information that France is making military preparations while we have not taken measures of any kind, but may be obliged to do so at any moment if our neighbours continue their preparations. This would mean a European war.

If you seriously and earnestly desire to prevent this terrible misfortune, may I propose to you to use your influence on France and also on Russia that they should remain neutral?

In my view this would be of the greatest use. I consider that this is a certain and perhaps the only possible way of maintaining the peace of Europe.

I might add that Germany and England should now more than ever give each other mutual support in order to prevent a terrible disaster which otherwise appears inevitable.

Believe me that William is inspired by the greatest sincerity in his efforts for the maintenance of peace. But the military preparations of his two neighbours may end in compelling him to follow their example for the safety of his own country which otherwise would remain defenceless. I have informed William of my telegram to you, and I hope that you will receive my communication in the same friendly spirit which has inspired it.

(Signed) HENRY.

WILLIAM'S GREAT INFLUENCE.

King George to Prince Henry of Prussia, July 30.

Thanks for your telegram. I am very glad to hear of William's efforts to seek with Nicholas for the maintenance of peace.

I earnestly desire that such a misfortune as a European war, the evil of which could not be remedied—may be prevented.

My Government is doing the utmost possible in order to induce Russia and France to postpone further military preparations, provided that Austria declares herself satisfied with the occupation of Belgrade and the neighbouring Serbian territory as a precaution for a satisfactory settlement of her claims; while at the same time the other countries should suspend their preparations for war.

I rely on William applying his great influence in order to induce Austria to accept this proposal. In this way he will prove that Germany and England are working together to prevent what would be an international catastrophe.

Please assure William that I am doing all I can, and will continue to do all that lies in my power to maintain the peace of Europe.

(Signed) GEORGE.

KAISER FOR EASTERN FRONT.

Emperor William to King George, July 31.

Many thanks for your friendly communication. Your proposals coincide with my ideas, and with the communication I have this evening received from Vienna, and which I have passed on to London.

I have just heard from the Chancellor that intelligence has just reached him that Nicholas has ordered the mobilisation of his entire army and fleet. He has not even awaited the result of the mediation in which I am engaged, and he has left me completely without information.

I am travelling to Berlin to assure the safety of my eastern frontier, where strong Russian forces have already taken up their position.

(Signed) WILLIAM.

TO RESUME NEGOTIATIONS.

King George to Emperor William, Aug. 1.

Many thanks for your telegram of last night. I have sent an urgent telegram to Nicholas, in which I have assured him of my readiness to do everything in my power to further the resumption of the negotiations between the Powers concerned.

(Signed) GEORGE.

IF FRANCE WERE NEUTRAL.

German Ambassador at London to German Imperial Chancellor, Aug. 1.

Sir Edward Grey has just called me to the telephone and has asked me whether I thought I could declare that in the event of France remaining neutral, in a German-Russian war we would not attack the French. I told him that I believed I could assume responsibility for this.

MOBILISATION MUST GO ON.

Emperor William to King George, Aug. 1.

I have just received the communication of your Government offering French neutrality under the guarantee of Great Britain. To this offer there was added the question whether under these conditions Germany would refrain from attacking France.

For technical reasons, the mobilisation which I have already ordered this afternoon on two fronts—east and west—must proceed according to the arrangements made.

A counter-order cannot now be given, as your telegram unfortunately came too late; but if France offers me her neutrality, which must be guaranteed by the English Army and Navy, I will naturally give up the idea of an attack on France and employ my troops elsewhere. I hope that France will not be nervous. The troops on my frontier are at this moment being kept back by telegraph and by telephone from crossing the French frontier.

(Signed) WILLIAM.

TILL AUG. 3, AT 7 P.M.

German Imperial Chancellor to German Ambassador at London, Aug. 1.

Germany is ready to agree to the English proposal in the event of England guaranteeing with all her forces the unconditional neutrality of France in the conflict between Germany and Russia. Owing to the Russian mobilisation, German mobilisation occurred to-day before the English proposal was received.

In consequence our advance to the French frontier cannot now be altered. We guarantee, however, that the French frontier will not be crossed by our troops until Monday, August 3, at 7 p.m., in case England's assent is received by that time.

A MISUNDERSTANDING?

King George to Emperor William, Aug. 1.

In answer to your telegram, which has just been received, I believe that there must be a misunderstanding with regard to a suggestion which was made in a friendly conversation between Prince Lichnowsky (German Ambassador in London) and Sir Edward Grey, when they were discussing how an actual conflict between the German and the French army might be avoided so long as there is still a possibility of an agreement being arrived at between Austria and Russia. Sir Edward Grey will see Prince Lichnowsky early to-morrow morning in order to ascertain whether there is any misunderstanding on his side.

(Signed) GEORGE.

BERLIN'S TWO VOICES.

German Ambassador at London to German Imperial Chancellor, Aug. 2.

The suggestions of Sir Edward Grey, based on the desire of creating the possibility of lasting neutrality on the part of England, were made without any previous inquiry of the mobilisation, and have since been given up as quite impracticable. The Tsar to the German Emperor, July 29.

Thanks for your telegram, which is conciliatory and friendly, whereas the official message presented to-day by your Ambassador to my Minister was conveyed in a very different tone. I beg you to explain this divergence. It would be right to give over the Austro-Serbian problem to The Hague Tribunal. I trust in your wisdom and friendship.

(Signed) WILLIAM.

"I PERISH WITH HUNGER."

"I hope at Easter you read my favourite verse, Luke X. 17," wrote a private of a Lancashire regiment from Dobruza to his wife at Ashton-under-Lyne.

She could not understand what he meant until she opened for "Bible and Song." And when he came to himself, he said: "How many hired servants of my father's have bread enough, and to spare, and I perish with hunger!"

THE LONDON DIRECTORY.

(PUBLISHED ANNUALLY)

ENABLES traders throughout the World to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS.

In each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the Directory contains lists of EXPORT MERCHANTS with the Goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply.

STEAMSHIP LINES arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate Sailing.

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

A copy of the current edition will be forwarded, freight and postage, on receipt of Postal Order for £3.50.

Dealers seeking Agencies can advertise their trade cards for £5.00 or larger advertisements from £15.00.

The London Directory Co., Ltd.

25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.

INTIMATIONS

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS

A purely Vegetable Remedy. Keating's Worm Tablets furnish a most agreeable method of administering the only reliable remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. Perfectly safe, mild, and especially adapted for children. To be obtained of all Druggists.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by mutual arrangement, Mr. RICHARD NICKOLAUS ONLY, Secretary from our Firm, on the 30th June 1915. As from such date our Business will be carried on by the only remaining Partners: J. B. RICK, BROUGHTON, MARSHALL, and WILLIAM WILSON.

TAIT & CO.

Amoy, 1st July, 1915.

WANTED.

FOR immediate occupation one 3/4 roomed small Bungalow with a compound, anywhere up on the Peak. Apply stating location, rent etc. to "Z". c/o "CHINA MAIL" Office.

Hongkong, June 26, 1915.

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Members to be held on MONDAY 12th July, at 12 noon in the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ROOM, NEW GOVERNMENT BUILDING, the following resolutions will be proposed and if carried by a majority of those present and entitled to vote will take effect:

1. That, in the opinion of this Extraordinary General Meeting of the Chamber, it is inconsistent with the purposes for which the Chamber was formed and exists, and inconsistent with the obligations of the Chamber towards the Government and inconsistent with the interests of the Chamber as a whole, that any member who is the subject of a nation between which and Great Britain a state of war exists should continue to be a member.

2. That accordingly the Rules be altered by the addition of the following new Rule to be numbered XXV viz:—

"Any member who is the subject of a nation between which and Great Britain a state of war exists shall ipso facto cease to be a member."

By Order,

A. R. LOWE,

Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, June 30, 1915.

CLEARANCE SALE

OF

LAMP SHADES.

30% discount for CASH

AT

KOMOR & KOMOR'S.

ALEXANDRA BUILDING,

Des Voeux Road.

Hongkong, June 23, 1915.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

BUTTER & CHEESE.

The following prices approved by the Food Committee will come into force on and after 24th May, 1915.

Dairy Butter.....£2.10 per lb.

Dairymaid Butter.....£1.00

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Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be

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CHINA ASSOCIATION

ANNUAL MEETING.

Trading With Germans In China.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON, June 1.

Undisturbed by the air raid on London last night within a mile of the meeting place, the annual meeting of the China Association took place this afternoon at the P. & O. Offices. Mr. F. Anderson, President, occupied the Chair and there were also present Sir Alfred Dent, Sir Walter Hillier, Messrs Byron Brennan, A. S. Garfit, T. H. Whitehead, H. W. Robertson, J. Swire, E. J. Houle, H.J.C. Jones, D. H. Macintosh, Leonard Kerr, John C. Bois, W. Thurlow Lay, H. Wilcockson, T. W. Richardson, Clement F. R. Allen, Paul H. King, A. G. Wood, C. H. Ross, R. Chatterton Wilcox, G. Jamieson, C. Selby Moore, R. H. Hill, George B. Dodwell, H. H. Joseph, F. J. Abbott, D. C. Rutherford, F. Salinger, William D. Little, J. C. Hanson, J. R. Michael, J. S. Haskell, E. F. Carroll, W. Harwood, H. D. Stewart, F. G. Sale, W. H. Wickham, H. Salinger, E. Cousins, and H. C. Wilcox. (Secretary).

Mr. F. Anderson, in his Presidential address, said:—

The Report has been circulated to Members in advance. I need not therefore do more than refer to it in general terms. I would explain that our Annual Meeting is about a month later than usual this year, mainly owing to our Secretary, Mr. Wilcox, having had to carry on the work of his office single-handed; we have given leave of absence for service in the Army to his assistant, Mr. Lambert.

Notwithstanding the terrible struggle in which this country is engaged so close to our own doors, events in the Far East have by no means passed unnoticed. Whilst Western countries over an immense area are being shaken to their very foundations, China has had to deal with serious problems of her own, both internal and external. From time to time situations arose which might have resulted in disaster had weakness and irresolution been shown in dealing with them, but the discretion and ability with which her Government acted under trying conditions have enhanced its prestige, and have done much to inspire confidence in the present Chinese administration. It should be borne in mind that only a year ago the Government had not suppressed the notorious "White Wolf" disorder was widespread in many provinces—a kind of aftermath of the revolution—intrigue and conspiracy were rife in the Capital, many of the Provincial Governments hampered the Central Authority by obstructive tactics and by withholding supplies, whilst foreign relations in certain quarters were becoming complicated. In weak hands the affairs of the country would in all probability have drifted into chaos. Now whether it is true or not in ordinary times that "in the multitude of counsellors there is wisdom," experience has shewn once more, and not only in China, that at a time of national crisis it is essential for the welfare of the State to concentrate power in the hands of one national central authority. The great mass of the people of China quickly realized that patriotism and common sense alike demanded that they should support the government of Yuan-Shi-Kai, if disaster were to be averted, and the course of events has justified the wisdom of their decision. Disorder has been suppressed, legislation on conservative lines has been enacted, the authority of Peking over the Provinces has been re-established, judicious fiscal reforms have been inaugurated, and the first step towards the establishment of a permanent constitution has been taken in the promulgation of what is known as "The Constitutional Compact" a translation of which interesting and important document will be found in the Report. Evidence of the confidence inspired by the Administration may be seen in the fact that two internal loans have been successfully floated in China at a time when the money markets of the Western world have been practically closed owing to the war. Concurrently with all this the foreign affairs of the country have been so handled that the danger of complications arising has been minimised, and we hope will be entirely averted. In the past year statesmen all over the world have had to bear a heavy burden of responsibility. The President of the Chinese Republic has been no exception to the general rule. Few men in the whole world have had a more difficult and onerous role to fill, or have shewn greater sagacity in dealing with difficulties.

We have referred in the Report to the Japanese claims on China, which at one time gave rise to some uneasiness in this country owing to circumstantial reports appearing in the Press of the far reaching character of some of the demands. British subjects both here and in the East, being friends of both countries, learnt with great satisfaction of the conclusion of an Agreement between the two Governments. It is true that certain points are reserved for future discussion but there is good reason to believe that Japan is well aware of the importance of the principles laid down in her Treaties, and that in any future discussion she will not depart from the policy she has repeatedly declared it her intention to uphold. At the siege of Kiachow Japan gave a much needed lesson in chivalry and humanity to Germany when she gave ample time and opportunity for the women and children and non-combatants to leave the fortress before beginning the bombardment and I think we may rely upon Japan maintaining the highest standard of honour in regard to any engagements to which she has attached her signature.

Members will have been glad to learn that the long outstanding question of Shanghai Settlement extension has at last been satisfactorily dealt with. Every friend of China hopes that the arrangement will result in the total disappearance of the friction which so often prevailed in the relations between the Municipality and the Local Chinese Authorities. The Chinese are as deeply interested as foreigners in the prosperity of Shanghai, and they have now an opportunity of working together in friendly co-operation for the general welfare which may prove invaluable, if they will only take advantage of it in the right spirit. You will notice in the Appendix a lengthy correspondence on the subject of trading with the enemy; a matter which is still under discussion. The Committee believe that in the line they have taken up they have the support not only of all British subjects in China, but that an overwhelming majority in this country of those who have considered the question also agree with them. Apart altogether from German hatred of England, apart from German fiendish brutality in war, from the fact that it has been necessary to expel Germans from Singapore and Hongkong, apart from the virulent and mischievous propaganda they have carried on against us in China, from the fact that German merchants at Shanghai have collectively resolved to do everything in their power to injure British interests in China, from pitiable incidents like their celebration in Tientsin of the Sinking of the Lusitania carried on until 5 o'clock in the morning, and apart from the natural repugnance to having any dealings with the enemies of our country, we think it is bad policy in our own interests to help Germans to maintain their commercial position in China, as we have been doing for the last ten months. The Board of Trade has expressed the opinion that in the national interest it is undesirable that British subjects should trade with Germans in China, during the war, the Prize Court at Alexandria has decided that as Germans in China are only amenable to German law, they cannot claim a neutral domicile in that country, but are in the same legal position as Germans resident in German territory, yet under the Trading with the Enemy Act, British subjects are not only permitted, but the declared "undecirability" notwithstanding, they are almost encouraged to trade with German firms in China, on the plea that a German is not an enemy if he lives outside German territory. Germans have gone so far in the past as to claim that their concessions in China are German territory, but our law ignores their claim. The arguments in favour of permitting trading with alien enemies in China are mainly:—

That our Allies have not prohibited their nationals from trading with Germans;

That German trade marks on British goods would lose their value if they were withdrawn from the Chinese markets and that therefore British goods shipped under those German marks would lose their market;

That the same volume of trade with China could not be carried on if German firms were prohibited from getting supplies in England as British firms alone could not overtake the whole British trade with China.

As regards our Allies not co-operating, the Committee at first agreed that this might be a disadvantage to some British shipping and banking interests

but of late freights have advanced enormously, and there has been more difficulty in getting ships to carry the cargo, than in getting cargo to fill the ships, so that this objection no longer has the same weight that it formerly may have had. Further we notice that France has recently prohibited trading with the enemy in China. The French have no doubt about Germans out there being enemies.

As to the other reasons, it may be quite true that German trade marks would lose their value if withdrawn from the Chinese market, but if buyers China could not get British goods under German trade marks they would soon get the goods they wanted under British marks. From the strong representations made by all our branches in China, we are quite satisfied that there is no sound foundation for the statement that British firms are not capable of overtaking the whole British trade with China without the participation in it of German firms. There would perhaps be some change in the method of carrying on the trade, but it would be a healthy change, and one beneficial to British interests generally in China.

Quite recently some very remarkable and interesting information has been received by us about the way in which German trade has been conducted in China but the information has not been thoroughly investigated and I am unable to lay it before you to-day. The Committee will deal with the matter and perhaps at some later date it will be able to communicate further information to you on this subject.

The Committee hope that in the light of later information the present Government may see their way to take more whole hearted action in connection with trading with the enemy in China than appeared advisable to their predecessors.

You will see in the Report that we have taken a hand in correcting the misrepresentations spread in China by our enemies and we hope the Chinese translation of our pamphlet will be widely circulated.

Before concluding, I would offer our condolence to those of our Members at home and in China who have suffered irreparable losses and have to endure prolonged anxiety from this terrible war. Some of our number have been called upon to make the heaviest sacrifices and I hope it may be some little consolation to those in far distant China to know that their old friends at home feel deep and heartfelt sympathy with them. (applause)

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. George B. Dodwell, the report and accounts were adopted.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. Byron Brennan, Mr. George Jamieson was re-elected President with acclamation. Mr. Jamieson proposed and Mr. C.H. Ross seconded the election of Mr. F. Anderson as Chairman of Committee, Mr. R.H. Hill as vice-chairman, and Mr. R.C. Wilcox as hon. treasurer, and this was agreed to.

On the motion of the Chairman, seconded by Mr. F. J. Abbott, the General Committee was elected as follows—Baron Incheape of Strathnaver, G.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., Sir Thomas Jackson, Rt. Hon. Sir Cecil C. Smith, P.O., G.C.M.G., Sir Thomas Sutherland, G.C.M.G., Sir Walter Hillier K.C.M.G., C.B., Sir Alfred Dent K.C.M.G., Sir Claude Macdonald, Sir Charles Dudgeon, Messrs F. Anderson, John C. Bois, Byron Brennan, C.M.G., F. Cornes, George B. Dodwell, R.S. Gundry C.B., W. Harwood, J.S. Haskell, R. H. Hill, G. Jamieson C.M.G., H.D.C. Jones, H.H. Joseph, W.D. Little, C. Selby Moore, H. W. Robertson, C.H. Ross, D.C. Rutherford, Charles V. Sale, F. Salinger, Gershom Stewart M.P., H.D. Stewart, W.M. Strachan, A.M. Townsend, T.H. Whitehead, B. Chatterton Wilcox, and A.G. Wood.

In reply to questions by Mr. H. Hanson, Mr. F. Salinger and Mr. F. Sale, the Chairman said that so far as they knew none of their members were dealing with the enemy in China. If any member had any suggestion whereby such trading could effectively be stopped the Committee would gladly consider it. He understood that the Government was endeavouring to secure united action on the part of the Allies on the matter.

The questioners urged that the Government should be pressed to prohibit definitely trading with Germans in China.

A vote of thanks to Mr. Anderson for his conduct as Chairman of the meeting concluded the proceedings.

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WATSON'S PRICKLY HEAT LOTION

IS NOT ONLY A
CERTAIN CURE FOR

PRICKLY HEAT

BUT IS ALSO AN ADMIRABLE PREPARATION

FOR THE RELIEF OF

SUNBURN, TAN,
FRECKLES, ETC.

AND LEAVES THE SKIN

FRESH AND COOL.

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NEW ASSORTMENT

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VOILES

JUST ARRIVED

SMART - -

- - VOILE

DRESS - -

- LENGTHS.

Wm. Powell, Ltd.

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.

Declaration of American Independence
(1776).

General Memoranda.

Tuesday, July 6:-

Princess Victoria's Birthday (1868).

Friday, July 9:-

4 p.m. to 7 p.m. - Snowball Bag Sale in
Government House Grounds.

Monday, July 12:-

Noon - Chamber of Commerce Extraor-
dinary Meeting.

Wednesday, July 14:-

Taking of the Bastille (1789).

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY

O. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.

Chemists and Druggists.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN

PRICES

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY
DISPENSED

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.

2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, July 2, 1915.

injustices of their earliest environ-

ment? A certain amount of charitable
amateur effort is being made to meet
the needs of the case by ladies who
have become aware of the facts.
What is wanted is for the religious
leaders of the nation, in the first
place, to come forward with a
honest and courageous pronouncement
that under existing circum-
stances the mothers of our soldiers
children are to be treated with no
scorn or dishonour, and that the infants
themselves should receive a loyal and
unshaken welcome.

Fugically, the subject receives
vigorous treatment from Dr. Barbara
Tchaykovsky, in *The Daily News*
(London):

"We are losing heavily on the
battlefields, and we are about to
receive an abnormal number of new
lives. Small we, knowing the fact of
their arrival into conditions that kill
and maim, stand aside like the crew
of a German submarine watching the
death-struggle of their unfortunate
victims? Shall we lift a hand to
save those who may fill the gaps in
our nation's loss?"

"Most babies are born healthy;
and if the military doctors have done
their duty to the troops under their
care, these 'war-babies' should be
healthier than illegitimate children in
general, just because their fathers
have been living with a higher
standard of health and hygiene while
under military discipline and medical
control. Woman's work, then, is
clearly to secure to these 'war-
mothers', for the sake of their babies,
what Sir George Newman calls the
minimum requirements for healthy
motherhood, i.e.,

"First, relief from heavy labour
and after childbirth.

"Secondly, adequate nourishment
for mother, and therefore child.

"Thirdly, intelligent management
of infancy.

"Attempts are being made to as-
certain the approximate number of
prospective 'war-mothers' in order to
deal with the emergency on national
lines, and to press on the Government
for legislation and on local authorities
for the immediate establishment of—

"First, lying-in hospitals and mid-
wifery assistance at home.

"Secondly, feeding-centres for ex-
pectant and nursing mothers.

"Thirdly, schools for mothers.

"Fourthly, extension of staff of
health visitors in the local public-
health department."

A war-chaplain, Rev. C. P. Sander-
son, presents the reverse side of the
eugenic argument:

"There is a danger that the next
generation of Englishmen will be the
children of the most selfish and timid
portion of the community, and they
will not derive from their fathers that
virility and public spirit without
which no nation can remain free and
independent. The men best fitted to
be fathers are in the trenches or at
sea. Those least likely to beget good
citizens are here at home. This is an
aspect not only of the problem now
under discussion, but of the whole
present situation, which deserves the
most careful attention of our rulers in
Church and State." *The Poor Law*
Guardian is quoted by the *London*
Times to the effect that "the number
of children born (or to be born) out
of wedlock as a result of the condi-
tions suggested will be much smaller
than is now imagined." Moreover—

"It also occurs to this paper that
much of the agitation is due to the
activity of amateur social reformers
who, without previous knowledge or
experience of social conditions, come
up against those things for the first
time."

"There are real dangers in making
any serious departure from the *status*
quo. Primarily, it is obviously the
business of religious folk to tackle the
problem. Let them get together and
having agreed upon their scheme,
take terms with the State. The
State will no doubt foot the bill,
treating all alike, and although it
may not be over-zealous to creed or
the particular modes adopted in
rearing the children, by reasonable
supervision it would insure that the
arrangements for their physical and
mental development proceeded along
proper lines, and that each child was
given a fair chance in life."

The Daily Chronicle is responsible
for the statement that in view of the
extremely controversial nature of the
subject the Government is not pre-
pared to "introduce legislation in
regard to illegitimacy at the present
juncture."

A young Eurasian named Jack Doran,
living on Ayer Kuning estate, Teiping,
went to Penang on the 24th ult. and called
at the house of his sweetheart, Sophie Scully,
Ceylon Lane, in her absence. On the latter's
return with her mother he called on her.
A revolver was immediately heard
and the girl emerged bleeding from a
wound in the neck. Doran afterwards
committed suicide.

The girl, who is the daughter of Mrs. A.
S. Scully, is an assistant Municipal
worker. She was engaged to Doran for some time
but he broke the engagement off. It is
expected that she will recover.

CRAMPS COLIC.

NO need of whiffing from cramps in the
stomach, or intestinal pain. Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea
Remedy never fails to relieve the most
severe cases. Get it today, there will be
no time to spend for it after the attack
comes on. For sale by all Chemists and
Druggists.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Mr. A. S. D. Cusland of Messrs. Alex.
Ross and Co. lets by the a.s. Karama for
Singapore.

\$116.47 was collected in the boxes on
the Hongkong trans for National Relief
Fund for the 23 days up to June 30.

Mr. Ernest Vincent G. rymal, has been
appointed by U.E. Governor to be an official
Justice of the Peace for Hongkong.

Lt.-Col. G. B. Crip, R. A. M. C.,
Director of Medical Services, China Com-
mand, has been appointed by the Governor
to be a member of the Sanitary Board vice
Colonel F. W. G. Gordon-Hall, R. A. M. C.

It is notified, from the Harbour
Masters' Department, that civilians are
permitted, between the hours of 4 p.m.
and 7 p.m., to bathe from launches and
boats off Stonecutters Island, between the
Notch Bar and provided they only land in
their dinghies and do not leave the beach.

"The war," writes a correspondent to
a Singapore contemporary, "has apparently
seriously affected the price of property,
seeing the Eschell Estate only realized
\$50,000 and that the price was considered
a victory, for it was only a month or so
ago that the Hongkong Bank refused an
offer of \$60,000 for this particular property."

No shareholders were present at the
meeting of shareholders in Kwong Yik
Banking Co., Ltd., Singapore, which was
called for June 25 at the Chinese Chamber
of Commerce in order that the liquidators'
report and accounts from the date of
liquidation to December 17, 1914, might be
presented, and consequently, there was no
meeting. The liquidators, Messrs. Lim
Peng Siang, Loow Chia Heng and W.
Lowther Kemp, were present together
with Mr. G. S. Carver and Mr. S. Whitaker
(Messrs. F. W. Barker and Co.).

The best of good wishes come
many friends will go with Colonel F. W.
G. Gordon Hall, R.A.M.C., who left this
morning by the "Karama" to go to get
near the fighting line as possible. Colonel
Gordon Hall has been in charge of the
medical work of the garrison since the
departure of Colonel Irwin. Since the war
he has been a very busy man and joined
with his military duties a seat on the Sanitary
Board where his opinions on matters of
sanitation were listened to with the
greatest respect. At the outbreak of war
he was recalled from Shanghai as he was
on his way home on leave.

The danger of allowing aliens, who
have been interned, to return to their
former places of residence, has been
brought home to the authorities in a most
convincing manner. A German merchant
was, on the personal guarantee of an in-
fluential civil official, released from the
internment camp, a well-known Indian
port. A few days later, on the mails being
looked over just after the mail steamer had
left the port, a letter addressed to a gentle-
man in Sweden was discovered from the
German containing the plans of the
harbour and valuable military and naval
information.

Mr. Lemmert Plummer, formerly of
Messrs. Jackson, Matheson and Co., Yokohama
and Kobe, is making progress in the
theatrical world, according to a letter from
London, in which the writer says:—"After
seeing for several months in the revival of
'Who's the Lady?'—a very amusing French
farce—he toured the North of England for
three months, with Lady de Balthaz (Lily
Langtry) and is now taking no less than
five minor parts, of which some are very
good ones, in the highly successful melo-
drama 'Sealed Orders' at Drury Lane. He
appears as the French Admiral in a
very realistic scene at a reception on the
quarantine, and his performance has
entered to the strain of the Marseillaise
amidst tremendous enthusiasm from 'Old
Drury.'"

SALE OF THE SOI MOW.

The *Manichi* states that the reserve
price placed on the *Son Mow*, the H.A.L.
Nascent lately condemned on appeal, and
now offered for sale by the Navy
Department, will be between £170,000
and £180,000.

EMDEN'S SALVAGE.

The salvage of the German cruiser
Emden, which is a wreck on the Coos
Islands, is, we learn, to be attempted, the
Commonwealth Defence Department having
invited tenders for the work. Com-
manding on the subject the "Army and
Navy Gazette" observes:

The promoters of the scheme doubtless
have visions of the Sydney or some other
vessel of the Royal Australian Navy
bringing the conquered German cruiser
proudly into the beautiful harbour of
Sydney, and perhaps to other parts of
the Commonwealth. Nothing could be
more calculated to stimulate the enthusiasm
of the Australians in their young, but
virile Navy, and for this reason it may
be hoped that the plan will be carried
through. It is out of the question, of
course, that the Emden can be restored
to a state of fighting efficiency except at a
cost which would not be commensurate
with the result. Every one who has
read of the stubbornness with which
this was defeated must realize this.
The cruiser was already badly damaged
when, owing to an injury to her
steering gear, she was beached at
Coos Island. It is said that she grounded
on the coral reef at a spot of nineteen
knots, the shock killing several of her crew,
including the men at the wheel. One of
the Sydney's officers who had been with
the Emden summed up her condition by
saying that "with the exception of the
forecastle, which is hardly touched, from
forecastle to stern post she is nothing but
a shambles." Whether, therefore, the ton-
nage for salvage will be such that the Aus-
tralian will eventually decide to proceed
with the work seems a moot point.

TRADEMARK INFRINGE- MENT.

CHINESE SHOPKEEPER CONVICTED.

The case in which a Chinese shopkeeper
named Chan Pun, of 381 Queens Road
West, was summoned for selling goods in
boxes which infringed the "Prestige Soap"
soap trademark came up before Mr. Wood
again to the Magistrate to-day.

Mr. Looker, who appeared for the
complainant company, said that if the
defendant chose to plead guilty and would
say where they got the soap from he
would be satisfied with a fine of \$20 and
\$10 for their costs.

The Magistrate—Do you think you
ought to make an offer of compromise
through me? I don't think I ought to
make the offer.

"His Worship, retired for a few minutes,
but the parties could not agree to settle
the case as suggested.

Mr. Looker, after saying there was
"nothing doing," said he had since dis-
covered that the book produced by the
defendant at 261 Queen's Road West
seemed to be a compound of two books,
containing evidently a portion of the sales
book and a portion of the cash book.

Advert Nagia said he was the representa-
tive in Hongkong of Messrs. Farber & Co.,
of Marseilles, the owners of the "Prestige
Soap" trademark. On June 28 he visited
the shop at 281 Queen's Road West about
mid-day on the look-out for imitation marks.
He saw five or six imitation boxes, in the
shape of a box containing an imitation of
the trademark. They were similar to the
sample produced. They were of the same
colour as the original but bore the name
"G. Frank and Co." On the 29th he
re-visited the shop, accompanied by Mr.
Looker and a detective. The imitation
soap he had seen on the previous day had
gone, and he could not see it anywhere.

The visit of the 29th was corroborated
by Mr. Looker's clerk, who said he asked
the shopkeeper for some "Cat brand" soap,
and was given the genuine article, being
told they had none cheaper. He saw the
sales cash book and noticed entries of
"Cat brand soap, genuine, 30 cents" and
"Cat brand soap, 22 cents."

His Worship imposed a fine of \$20 and
\$20 costs.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut-Col. A.
Chapman, Y.D.

PLATE.

Pte. J. Clark is granted leave of absence
from 14.7.15 to 14.10.15.

KING'S PARK RANGE.

The Range is allotted to the Scout Com-
pany on Sunday, 11th instant from 9 a.m.
to 1 p.m.

PARADES.

Parades for Monday 5th instant.
5.15 p.m. Right Section M.G. Co.—
Muster at Barracks, on Kennedy Road
Range. Service Rifles to be carried. Corp.
Grimes R.E. will attend.

5.30 p.m. Signalling Section—Squad
Drill and Skirmishing at Headquarters.
Sergeant Bullock will attend. Remainder
Nil.

DETAILS.

Gun Club Hill, Kowloon.
On duty until 10th instant, H.K.V.I.
Detachment, Kowloon.
On duty until 10th instant, H.K.V.R.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

UNIFORM.

All members of the British and Indian
Platoons must attend Central Police
Station on Tuesday, July 6th, for the
purpose of drawing buttons, spikes,
shoulder badges, &c.

Commanders of these Platoons will be
held responsible for seeing that each man
is properly equipped.

PROMOTIONS.

The Hon. Captain Superintendent of
Police has approved the following promo-
tions in the Chinese Platoons:

Sergeants M. Wong, Un Hwa Fan,
Wei Wing Fung and Wong Kwong Tin to
be Crown Sergeants as from June 17th.

(Sgd.) P. C. JENKIN,
D. S. P. (Reserve).

OPIMUM SEIZED AT SINGAPORE.

The Singapore Revenue Department
which has been increasingly active of late,
made an important seizure of opium on
board the Blue Funnel steamer *Antioch* when
the vessel was passing through that port
on its way to Hongkong and the north
from England. Altogether, we are
informed, between six and seven hundred
weight of raw Persian opium of opium
concealed in the ship's bunkers.

On the vessel's arrival in Hongkong she
was searched by the local officials of the
Revenue Department for further quantities
of drug but none could be found. The
vessel is due to leave Hongkong this
morning.

LOSS OF THE "TRIUMPH."

A Turkish Report.

The following Turkish communiqué was
issued on the subject on May 23th:—"The
British battleship *Triumph*, at 6.15 on
Tuesday, passed slowly before Anzures,
accompanied by two torpedo boats. The
battleship *Vengeance* was near by, with
some destroyers. The *Triumph* intended
to bombard the trenches. A German sub-
marine approached unobserved, and her
torpedo struck the *Triumph* amidships.
She listed until her upper deck touched
the water, and ceased nine minutes later,
and floated keel upwards for 20 minutes.
The destroyers saved the crew, who had
swum to the deck. Turkish artillery with
shrapnel shells could have blown up the
sinking boat, but their feelings of humanity
would not allow them to hinder the work
of rescue. The submarine escaped undam-
aged."

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY.

WHEN you fail to provide your family
with a bottle of Chamberlain's
Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy at
this season of the year, you are neglecting
them, as bowel complaint is sure to be
prevalent, and it is too dangerous a malady
to be trifled with. This is especially true
if there are children in the family. A dose
or two of this remedy will place the trou-
bled within control and perhaps save a life.
For latest doctor's bill. For sale by all
Chemists and Druggists.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WAR.

THE NEW WAR LOAN.

TWO HUNDRED MILLION POUNDS SUBSCRIBED.

THE NEED FOR NATIONAL ECONOMY.

THE SUPPLY OF MUNITIONS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT A "NATION- L SCANDAL."

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

INTENSE FIGHTING ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

ENEMY ATTACKS REPULSED.

London, July 2.
A telegram from Paris states that all night long there were in-
tense bombardments at a great number of points along the whole front
which were particularly violent at Ypres, Sochez and on the Aisne.
A communiqué reports that the enemy made a fierce and contin-
uous bombardment on Angres. Then the Prussian infantry attacked
at two in the morning but failed completely.

The battle in the Argonne district is maintained with great violence,
the Germans abortively attempting to make ground with the
aid of heavy and asphyxiating bombs. Another terrific artillery pre-
paration was observed at Bois le Pretre but when the German in-
fantry attacked they were defeated by our rifle fire.

THE TORPEDOING OF THE "ARMENIAN."

STATEMENT BY THE CAPTAIN.

London, July 2.
The captain of the "Armenian" when interviewed said: "The
submarine got at a distance of four miles fired twice across our
bows. We turned our stern to him and ran. The submarine shelled
us continuously and the shrapnel killed several of the crew and threw
some men into the sea. It was a desperate chase, but we were de-
termined to make a struggle to escape. Then a shell knocked out
our steering gear, another went into the engine-room, a third carried
away the wireless house, while the fourth smashed the funnel and
disabled the people in the stockhold. The liner was now afire in three
places and there were thirteen dead on deck so we decided to surrender.
The submarine shelled us for an hour."

THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,

"A NATIONAL SCANDAL."

London, July 2.
In the course of the debate on the Munitions Ministry Bill in the
House of Commons, the Rt. Hon. Sir H. J. Dalsiel (Liberal M.P. for
Kirkcaldy) moved the insertion of a new clause transferring the powers
of the Ordnance Department from the War Office to the new Ministry.
He said that the management of the War Office was a national scandal.
Mr. Henry Chaplin, Mr. W. Crooke and others supported.
Mr. Lloyd George, replying, admitted that there had been a
series of mistakes of judgment. The questions raised must be in-
vestigated and the responsibilities fixed. He assured the House that the
powers given to him were adequate to prevent a recurrence.
Sir H. J. Dalsiel withdrew the clause.

45,000 VOLUNTEER MUNITION WORKERS ENROLLED IN THE FIRST WEEK.

Lord Curzon, in introducing the Munitions Bill in the House of Lords,
announced that 46,000 volunteer munition workers were enrolled during
the first week. Britain's one duty was not to discuss the past but to concentrate
every resource to make up the leeway and to follow the example of France
which so excellently provided munition. There was no lack of resolution,
fortitude or spirit in Britons and the country was not dismayed, and while
the forces of the Allies were waxing those of the enemy were waning. The
advantages of men and material, before Christmas, would be decidedly on the
side of the Allies.

DESPATCH FROM GENERAL HAMILTON.

CIRCASSIAN PRISONER'S BRAVE ACTION.

London, July 2.
In a despatch General Sir Ian Hamilton says that 180 prisoners
have been taken in southern Gallipoli since June 28 and that a Circas-
sian prisoner carried a wounded Royal Scot to our lines under fire.

A VEHEMENT BOMBARDMENT.

London, July 2.
Zurich despatches from Viennese correspondents indicate that the Italian
action is becoming much more vigorous. Their bombardment of the Comen
plateau is described as unprecedented in vehemence.

The Italian artillery on the 23rd ult. incessantly bombarded from the
early dawn until midnight the Austrian positions near Segrado with numerous
cannon including many guns of the heaviest calibre. Over a thousand shells
fell on one short section of the Austrian front, this period of the cannonade
sounding like a thousand fold machine gun fire raining shot like hail without
a moment's pause.

Trieste is completely isolated from the outside world and the postal and
telegraph service has been suspended during the last three weeks.

THE NEED FOR ECONOMY.

London, July 2.
A Parliamentary War Savings Committee has been formed for the
purpose of a propaganda of canvassing the necessity for economy.
At a conference convened with that object Mr. McKenna yesterday
said that people would have to learn that extravagance was a crime
and that parsimony was the highest national virtue, and that the
nation that would endure the longest would win.

BY TELEGRAPH.

AN AUSTRALIAN WAR LOAN.
TO BE RAISED LOCALLY.

London, July 2.
A Melbourne message states that in the House of Representatives Mr. Fisher, the Premier, announced that the Australian loan for war and other purposes would probably be raised locally.
At a great patriotic demonstration at St. Kilda the Governor referred to the re-awakening of the Empire. The Chief Justice vigorously criticised the rejection of volunteers, which had been as much as 50 per cent. He asked with emphasis "Did all Napoleon's men have perfect teeth?" The meeting was a stimulus to the already good recruiting and it is announced to-day that the teeth and height standards have been reduced.

200 MILLION POUNDS SUBSCRIBED.

London, July 2.
Mr. McKenna, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, yesterday conferred with the bankers of the City on the subject of the War Loan.
It is estimated that the subscriptions to the bank approximate two hundred million, of which Insurance institutions have contributed fifty million. The "Boilersmakers' Society" has applied for £50,000. All the friendly Societies are taking action to invest in the Loan and are forming Thrift Clubs.

AUSTRALIANS' DEMONSTRATION.
Further Advance.

London, July 2.
General Sir Ian Hamilton, in a despatch, describes the Australians' demonstration in northern Gallipoli in conjunction with the British attack on Monday. He says that, covered by the fire of the warships, they advanced for 700 yards. The artillery meanwhile were effectively shelling the enemy's reserves. The troops returned to the trenches in the afternoon, after repulsing enemy counter-attacks.

INDIA AND THE WAR.
QUESTIONS IN THE COMMONS.

London, July 2.
Replying to questions in the House of Commons, the Secretary of State for India (Mr. Austen Chamberlain) said:—"I will enquire as to the number of shops in India owned or managed by Germans. Only a few licences to trade are granted without conditions, but I am communicating with the Raj."
"Mr. Oortel, of the Public Works, Assam, has lived in India for 37 years, and renounced his nationality before he went. From a report received in the Spring I am satisfied that there are no grounds for dispensing with his services."
"No steps have been taken to compel every European to join the Volunteers. It would be unsuitable in special circumstances in India, but there has been a satisfactory increase in the numbers of Volunteers."
"I am in close communication with both the Raj and the Munitions Department regarding the participation of India in the manufacture of munitions."

ENDOWMENT FUND FOR MOSLEM DEPENDENTS.

London, July 2.
A Committee of the Islamic Society is raising funds for the endowment of the widows and orphans of Moslem soldiers killed in the war. The appeal for subscriptions emphasises the hereditary and traditional fidelity of the Moslems in India.

INDIAN TEA ASSOCIATION.
War And The Trade.

London, June 2.
Presiding at the annual meeting of the Indian Tea Association, Mr. James Warren said that in view of the uncertainty of the outlook when war broke out they could congratulate themselves upon the comparative speed with which the position had been cleared. Despite the Russians' inability to take their usual share of the demand they were able to deal with a large supply. The working classes had more money to spend, and the requirements, especially for the Army, were considerable. Condemning Lord Crewe's vetoing of the Labour Enticement Bill, he said if there was anything in it prejudicial to the coolies it would not be sponsored by the Raj. The committee were continuing to press their claims, and they hoped to have better news for the industry in the new year.

UNINTERRED ALIENS IN INDIA.

London, June 2.
In the House of Lords, Lord Strachan raised the question of the uninterred alien missionaries in India.
Lord Islington (Under-Secretary of State for India) said that the report for which Mr. Chamberlain had asked had not arrived. The question of alien enemies in India was peculiarly difficult. There were institutions staffed by Germans and any system of wholesale internment was impossible without some arrangement of substitution. The question was receiving the closest attention here and in India, and nothing would be left undone to safeguard the interests and the safety of India.

SUPPLYING THE MUNITIONS.
SCHEME BY LONDON STORES.

London, July 2.
The great London stores such as Messrs. Whiteley's and Messrs. Harrod's have devised a scheme of co-operation and interchange of a small staff of mechanics so as to release the maximum number of skilled men to manufacture munitions. It is hoped that smaller businesses will act similarly, and also undertake to reinstate their volunteer munition workers.

VOLUNTARY PRINCIPLE JUSTIFIED.

It is officially announced the enrolments are so satisfactory that the voluntary principle is justifying itself. Twenty thousand have been enrolled during the last two days.

MINISTRY OF MUNITIONS BILL.

London, July 2.
The House of Commons passed the third reading of the Ministry of Munitions Bill unanimously.

PREVENTING STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS.

London, July 2.
In the House of Commons, in the course of a debate on munitions, Sir John Simon, Secretary of State for Home Affairs, announced that Sir Babington Smith will be Chairman of the tribunal to deal with the limitation of profits under the Bill.
On a motion by Mr. Lloyd George, a clause was added to the Bill utilising the existing machinery in regard to the mining, cotton, and railway industries for the prevention of strikes and lock-outs.
Replying to criticisms, Mr. Lloyd George said that if the men refused to obey their leaders then a Royal Proclamation would be made.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE COLONIAL AEROPLANES.
QUEEN ALEXANDRA TO PRESENT THEM.

London, July 2.
Queen Alexandra in Saturday will present the Flying Corps with the aeroplanes subscribed by South Africa, the West Indies, Gibraltar, and Hongkong through the Overseas Club. Further aeroplanes have been promised.

THE BRITISH WAR LOAN.

London, July 2.
The investment in the War Loan of the Prudential Assurance Company has been increased from £3,000,000 to £5,000,000.

THE EASTERN FRONT.
PIERCE REARGUARD FIGHTING.

London, July 2.
A Petrograd communique says:—"The enemy's offensive between the rivers Vistula and Bug continues. There was force rearguard fighting on Tuesday on the Tomaszow-Zamosc road and also on the roads towards Sokal. The enemy in Galicia on Tuesday and Wednesday persistently attacked between Kamionka and Halicz, but were repulsed with heavy loss, we taking a thousand prisoners."

COTTON WORKERS' AND STRIKES.

London, July 2.
In the House of Commons Mr. Lloyd George announced that he had received resolutions from the cotton people practically amounting to a guarantee that there would be no strike or stoppage during the war. They conferred to-day with Mr. Runciman and Mr. Henderson.

FUTILE GERMAN ATTEMPT TO PIERCE FRENCH LINES.

London, July 2.
The evening communique issued at Paris says:—"The day has been quiet, except for a violent cannonading north of Arras and on the Aisne."

A German attack in the Bagatelle district of Argonne on Wednesday was most violent, and aimed at piercing the French lines. Their heavy shells and asphyxiating bombs wrecked the first trenches, but the attack was stopped by the solidity of the second line. French counter-attacks immediately drove them back, the French advancing 300 metres beyond the first line. Two German attacks on Thursday were immediately stopped.

MORE GERMAN PIRACY.

London, July 2.
The British steamers Caucasus and Ingolmoor have been sunk off Cornwall.
The steamer Lomas, laden with Argentine maize, was torpedoed and shelled by a submarine west of the Scillys. The maize was killed. A trawler rescued the remainder of her crew, numbering 25.
The Italian barque Sardonio was torpedoed off Mezon Head without warning. Nine of the crew were drowned, two died of injuries, and two of the nine survivors were wounded.

A BRITISH DESTROYER DAMAGED.

London, July 1.
The Admiralty last night announced that the old destroyer Lightning has been damaged off the East Coast by a mine or torpedo.
She is now in harbour. Fourteen of the crew are missing.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF WINDAU.

London, July 2.
The bombardment of Windau, says a Petrograd telegram, lasted only 15 minutes, and little damage was done. The Russians suffered no casualties either ashore or afloat.

SCARCITY OF COTTON IN GERMANY.

London, July 2.
The Lokalanzeiger reports that the Army Command in Brandenburg forbade the manufacture of cotton goods.

SUPPRESSION OF GERMAN PEACE ARTICLE.

London, July 1.
Socialist papers in Konigsberg and Goerlitz have been suppressed for reprinting the Vorwarts' peace article.

THE BRITISH HARVEST.

An Appeal To Women.

London, July 2.
Lord Selborne, President of the Board of Agriculture, has issued an official appeal to women of all classes to assist the farmers.

TRUSTEES' LOAN BILL.

London, July 2.
The Trustees' Loan Bill has passed all its stages.

RUSSIAN POSITIONS STORMED.

A German Report.

London, July 2.
A German communique says:—"After severe fighting General von Linsingen stormed the Russian positions east of Gnialupa and north and south of Rohatyn, capturing 2,501 prisoners."
Armies commanded by Generals von Linsingen, von Mackensen, and Woytsch took in June 151,000 prisoners, 80 guns, and 238 machine-guns.

SEVERE FIGHTING ALONG THE ISONZO.

London, July 2.
An Austrian communique mentions that severe fighting has taken place along the Isonzo front, following a general Italian attack, principally on the positions to the north-east of Montefalco and a bridge-head at Gorizia. While the communique claims that the attacks were repulsed with heavy loss, it admits that the Italians reached the first line of trenches.

ITALIANS OCCUPY IMPORTANT POSITION.

London, July 2.
A Rome communique says:—"Vigorous enemy night attacks in the Farnes di Monte Croce and Palpiccolo, in Carnia, in which the enemy employed flares, searchlights, and asphyxiating bombs, were repulsed."
The Italians have occupied an important position at the head of the Resia Valley, commanding Plesio.
The advances of the Italians in the Isonzo zone is uninterrupted, but slow, owing to the necessity of wresting the ground from the enemy by inches and immediately fortifying it. Persistent rains have increased the difficulties and transformed the trenches into torrents. Repeated enemy night attacks on the 20th June to retake their lost positions were repulsed.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION IN
FRENCH FACTORY.

Many Women Injured.

MARSEILLE, July 2.
An explosion destroyed a factory where 100 persons, including 80 women, were employed. Fire broke out, and it was so fierce that only two were rescued alive, and these were badly injured. Only four women's bodies were recovered.

"BRIDES IN THE BATH" CASE.

Smith Sentenced to Death.

London, July 2.
George Smith was sentenced to death at the Old Bailey in the famous "Brides-in-the-Bath" case for the murder of Bessie Mandy, 14, a bath.
[George Smith, 43 years old, was charged with the wilful murder of three of the six women whom he is alleged to have married.]
The three women, all of whom were found drowned in their baths, were—Bessie Constance Annie Mundy, whose death occurred at Harno Bay on July 13, 1912.
Alice Burnham, who died at Blackpool on December 19, 1913.
Margaret Elizabeth Lott, who died at Highgate on December 18, 1914.—Ed.]

INTERESTING INDIAN APPOINTMENT.

Question In House of Commons.

London, July 1.
In the House of Commons, replying to a question tabled by Sir J. D. Bess whether the selection of a Judge of the High Court in Madras to fill the vacancy in the Council of the Governor-General is to be regarded as a precedent for making the judicial office a stepping stone to high executive appointments, Mr. Austen Chamberlain said the appointment of Sir O. Sankaran Nair was made by his predecessor, and did not indicate the adoption or the abandonment of any general principle of selection. The only inference to be drawn is that the Secretary of State will always get the best man he can.

DUTCH SOCIALIST LEADER RETIRES.

London, July 2.
The Dutch Socialist leader, Troelstra, has withdrawn from public life on account of ill-health.

PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST NO. 39.

Hongkong Cricket Club, Proceeds of the Nesbit Green tennis match 865.89
Kowloon Dock Staff (May) 279
Staff of Standard Oil Co. of New York (10th Sub) 150
Mr. R. Chapman, (2nd Sub.) 50
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd., Collected in the boxes in the tram cars from 12th to 30th June 55.55
Interest to 30th June 249.55

Already acknow-

ledged Lists 1/38 \$255,405.91

256,856.70

Loss discount on

sub-eoin for June 5.45 \$258,851.55

Monthly Subscrip-

tions 2,317.44

Already acknow-

ledged Lists 1/38 48,406.07 50,723.61

Remitted to London:—

22/12/14 217,000

20/3/15 7,000 209,117.47

28/5/15 2,000

Balance in hand 17,607.29

Hongkong, 22d July, 1915.

N. J. STARR,

Hon. Treasurer.

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY BOAT RACE.

New York, June 25.

In the forty-ninth boat race between the two great American universities Yale came in a winner to-day, beating Harvard by a third of a length.—Mamie "Cablenews."

To-day's Advertisement

CHINESE LESSONS

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Hongkong, July 3, 1915.

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SUNDAY—Leaves Macao 1.30 P.M. Arrives Hongkong about 6 P.M.

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First Class \$1 " \$1.50 " (Saloon) for Chinese.
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Electric Fans throughout. First Class Attention. Ample Saloons and Cabin Accommodation.
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" " " 100 Splits \$17.00

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FOR	STEAMERS	To Sail	REMARKS
CHANGHAI, MOJI, KORE, KASAGAR, & YOKOHAMA	Capt. E. N. RIVERS, R.M.S.	10th July	Freight and Passage.
CHANGHAI	Capt. A. L. VALENTIN	About 10th July	Freight and Passage.
LONDON, via SUEZ PORT	SARDINIA	17th July	See Special of Call.
LONDON via SUEZ PORT	KASAGAR	30th July	Freight and Passage.

Subject to immediate alteration without Notice.
All the above steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office. E. A. HEWITT, Superintendent.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

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AND SEATTLE

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For VICTORIA and TACOMA via KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.

S.S. 'TACOMA MARU'	Capt. J. Hamada	Thursday, 15th July at 3 p.m.
S.S. 'PANAMA MARU'	Capt. J. Hamada	Monday, 19th July at 3 p.m.

These Newly-Built Steamers of American Line have fair speed and are fitted with the latest Wireless Apparatus. Best adapted for carrying Silk, Treasure and Passengers.

For BOMBAY via SINGAPORE PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG and COLOMBO.

S.S. 'DAIREN MARU'	Capt. S. Nomoto	Tuesday, 6th July, at Noon.
S.S. 'CHOSUN MARU'	Capt. S. Nomoto	Tuesday, 6th July, at Noon.

For TAMSUI and KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY.

S.S. 'DALIN MARU'	Capt. K. Murakami	Sunday, 4th July, at Noon.
S.S. 'KAIYO MARU'	Capt. Y. Yamamoto	Sunday, 4th July, at Noon.

For ANPING and TAIWAN via SWATOW and AMOY.

S.S. 'SOSU MARU'	Capt. A. Kobayashi	Thursday, 8th July, at 10 a.m.
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FOR HAIPHONG (DIRECT).

S.S. 'KIKU MARU'	Capt. Imamura	Saturday, 10th July at 10 a.m.
S.S. 'DAIGI MARU'	Capt. T. Kunita	Sunday, 4th July at 10 a.m.

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, APPLY TO—
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THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN
MAIL SERVICE
TO AUSTRALIA, via MANILA.MAIL SCHEDULE
(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION)

STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	DEPART HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
EMPIRE	22nd June	17th July, at 11 a.m.
EASTERN	13th July	8th August, at 11 a.m.
ALDENHAM	2nd August	23rd August, at 11 a.m.
ST. ALBANS	23rd August	17th Sept., at 11 a.m.

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INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
AND 'AFOR LINE',
Proposed Sailings from Hongkong.

Steamer from Hongkong	On or about	Connecting at Cairoutta with	On or about
S.S. 'LAISANG'	7th July	A Natal Line steamer	Beginning of August.

For Freight and further particulars apply to—
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REGULAR SAILINGS via PORTS and SUEZ CANAL.
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FOR NEW YORK via SUEZ CANAL.

S.S. 'SAINT RONALD'	On or about 5th July.
S.S. 'BREMONT CASTLE'	On or about 13th July.

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S.S.	For	Departure	Arrival
S.S. 'KIDJIN MARU'	For Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang, Sourabaya, Macassar & Balikpapan	3rd July	3rd July
S.S. 'BORNEO MARU'	For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	6th July	6th July
S.S. 'BARI MARU'	For Batavia, Samarang, Sourabaya, Macassar & Balikpapan	10th July	10th July
S.S. 'HOJI MARU'	For Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	13th July	13th July

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KOREA 18000 tons	SIBERIA	18000 tons
CHINA 10200 tons	NILE	10200 tons
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"THE SUNSHINE BELT"—The Most Comfortable Route to America and Europe.

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S.S. KOREA	Tuesday, 3rd Aug., Noon.	
S.S. CHINA	Tuesday, 10th Aug., 1 p.m.	
S.S. PERSIA	Tuesday, 17th Aug., 1 p.m.	

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SHIRYO MARU	22,000-21 knots	Tues., 27th July at Noon.
CHIYO MARU	22,000-21 knots	Tues., 24th Aug. at Noon.
TENYO MARU	22,000-21 knots	Tues., 14th Sept. at Noon.

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Steamer	Displacement Tons & Speed	Sailing
KIYO MARU	17,200-15 knots	Saturday, 10th July at Noon.

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DESTINATION	STEAMERS	Displacement	SAILING DATES
MARSEILLE & LONDON	via SINGAPORE, MALACCA, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ AND PORT SAID	18,000 tons	THURSDAY, 15th July at Noon.
VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATTLE	via KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA	12,500 tons	THURSDAY, 29th July, at Noon.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	FRIDAY, 16th July at 4 p.m.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	TUESDAY, 27th July, at 4 p.m.
MALACCA AND COLOMBO	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	FRIDAY, 9th July.
COLOMBO & KANGAROO	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	FRIDAY, 16th July, at 10 a.m.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	TUESDAY, 6th July.
KOBE & YOKOHAMA	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	THURSDAY, 22nd July.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	12,500 tons	TUESDAY, 13th July, at 10 a.m.

(Wireless Telegraphy).

PASSENGER SEASON FOR 1915.

FOR EUROPE

Steamer	Displacement	Leave Hongkong
KAMO MARU	16,000 tons	Thursday, 12th July
KASHIMA MARU	20,000 tons	Thursday, 29th July
MISHIMA MARU	15,000 tons	Thursday, 12th August
KASHIMA MARU	20,000 tons	Thursday, 28th August

FOR AMERICA

Steamer	Displacement	Leave Hongkong
TAMBA MARU	12,500 tons	Tuesday, 23rd June
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500 tons	Thursday, 8th July
SHIRYO MARU	12,500 tons	Tuesday, 27th July

KYODU MOTO, Manager.
Telephone No. 324.

SHIPPING

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR SHANGHAI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN

WEIHAWEI	July 4, Daylight
SHANGHAI	July 4, Daylight
SWATOW & HANGKONG	July 5, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	July 6, at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CHEU & HANGKONG	July 6, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	July 6, at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CHEU & HANGKONG	July 13, at 4 p.m.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER—Twice Weekly
S.S. 'LINTAN' and S.S. 'SANUL'.
Excellent Saloon accommodation, amusements, electric fans fitted. Extra state-rooms on deck, aft on 'Taming' and 'Tsun'.
SHANGHAI LINE: The Twin Screw Steamers 'Anhui' and 'Chanan' and the a.s. 'Kanchow', 'Lingchow', and 'Yingchow', having excellent accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloons, maintain a fast schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.
These Steamers and passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Wusung.
For Freight or Passage, apply to—
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.
Telephone No. 38.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR SHANGHAI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN

WEIHAWEI	July 4, Daylight
SHANGHAI	July 4, at 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	July 4, at Noon
SHANGHAI	July 4, Daylight
MANILA	July 4, at Noon
MOJI & KOBE	July 7, at 3 p.m.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & LAISANG	July 7, at 3 p.m.
WEIHAWEI & TIENTSIN	July 8, Daylight
SANDAKAN	July 10, at Noon
MANILA	July 10, at 3 p.m.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN.
The steamers Katsung, Nemuro, and Fushimi leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the 'Yoshino', 'Kurematsu', and 'Suisen' leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe & Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days.
These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
A daily qualified Surgeon is also carried.
Steamers have superior accommodation for First-Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, Dairen, Weihawei.
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Katat, Lahad Dairi, Singapore, Tawau, Cukai, Jesselton and Labuan.
For Freight or Passage, apply to—
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers.
Telephone No. 215.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG & RANGOON.

Steamers are dispatched EASTWARD and WESTWARD at regular intervals taking Passengers and Cargo at Current Rates.
For Freight or Passage, apply to—
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
Telephone No. 215.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

'SHIRE LINE SERVICE—HOMEWARD.

For	Steamer	Date of Departure
LONDON	'MONMOUTHSHIRE'	3rd July.

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.
REGULAR SAILINGS TO VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA & PORTLAND.
For freight and further particulars, apply to—
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., AGENTS.
Telephone No. 215 Sub Ex. No. 9.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN
CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI
AND JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

WESTWARD.

The above Steamers have excellent saloon accommodations for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a daily qualified surgeon.
For Freight or Passage, apply to—
DAVID FARSON & CO., LTD., AGENTS.

SHIPPING

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA.
THE Steamship
'WALTON HALL'.
4,932 tons, will be despatched at above on WEDNESDAY, 7th July.
For Freight and further particulars apply to—
THE BANK LINE, LIMITED, General Agents.
Hongkong, July 2, 1915.



STEAM FOR
STRAITS, COLUMBO, AUSTRALIA,
BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, AND LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship SARDINIA, Captain J. T. ... carrying 4,000 tons, will be despatched from this port on SATURDAY, the 17th July, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above ports in connection with the Company's Steamship Monopole from Colombo. Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong. Silk and Valuables, and Tea and Cargo for Italy, France, and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London. Other cargo for London, etc., will be conveyed via Bombay and transhipped to the a.s. 'Kure' due in London about 29th August, 1915.
Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.
For further particulars, apply to—
E. A. HEWITT, Superintendent.
Hongkong, July 2, 1915.

FOR SEATTLE.

THE a.s. 'SHINSEI MARU' will be despatched about the end of July.
For Freight and particulars, apply to—
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
Hongkong, July 1, 1915.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

'INDRA' LINE, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

FROM NEW YORK.
THE Steamship Indra, having arrived from the above port, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence, and for the wharves, delivery may be obtained.
Goods not cleared by the 5th July, at 5 p.m., will be subject to rent.
All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the Godown. When they will be examined on 5th July, at 2.30 p.m. Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival otherwise they will not be recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.
Agents.
Hongkong, June 29, 1915.

'SHIRE' LINE OF STEAMERS, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

FROM UNITED KINGDOM, ETC.
THE a.s. 'Merioneth' having arrived from the above port, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence, and for the wharves, delivery may be obtained.
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Agents.
Hongkong, June 29, 1915.

'SHIRE' LINE OF STEAMERS, LIMITED.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

EXCHANGE

PERSON, and SMYTH, Share-Broker
MAIL, Licensed, by HORACE STREYB
DE